Editorial Board

Advisor

Dr. Upendra Gautam Nepal

Managing Editor

Rajendra P. Thanju Founder: eRG Nepal & Hydro Nepal Journal Nepal

Associate Editors

Salil Devkota

Nepal

Dr. Rabin Shrestha

Nepal

Dr. Amimul Ahsan

Sr. Lecturer

Dept. of Civil Engineering (University Putra Malaysia)

Lalit P. Joshi Nepal

Team Member Nepal

Dr. David J. Molden
DG, ICIMOD (International Centre for
Integrated Mountain Development)

Prof. Dr. Kiran K. Bhattarai (Environment Specialist)

Dr. Shree Govind Shah (Environment Specialist)

Prof. Dr. Ramesh K. Maskey (Head, Civil and Geomatics Engineering Dept., Kathmandu University)

Prof. Dr. Ram Manohar Shrestha (Emeritus Prof., AIT, Bangkok, Thailand)

Norway

Dr. Krishna Kant Panthi (Asso. Prof., NTNU)

China

Prof. Dr. Liu Heng Director General, (International Centre of Small Hydropower, Hanghzou)

USA

John Garcia (Principal : GANDA)

India

Dr. MP Sharma (Asso. Prof., AHEC, IIT, Roorkee)

Dr. Vishnu Prasad (Prof., Dept of Civil Engineering, MANIT, Bhopal)

Editorial

Hydropower development in Nepal: WHAT went WRONG!



Hydropower is the only sustainable source of electricity in Nepal. It could be the engine of economic growth and can transform our society into a prosperous nation. So, it is high time to check the REALITY on what went wrong in this sector!

Let's Check:

- Nepal's has more than 6000 rivers and rivulets, mostly snow fed and perennial,
- theoretical hydropower potential established at 83000 MW,

hydropower technology is a proven technology,

- Nepal's had commissioned its first hydropower plant in 1911 AD (500 kW Pharping Hydropower Plant),
- required raw materials for hydropower, i.e. water, is gifted by Mother Nature, and freely available,
- energy markets are available in domestic as well as regional which is ever increasing,

• GoN has termed hydropower as priority project in Nepal,

- manifestos of all the major political parties in Nepal has prioritized hydropower development,
- all the political leaders acknowledged hydropower as a major resource endowment in Nepal,
- IPPs and international companies are all interested to invest in hydropower sectors of Nepal,
- Nepalese people are very much enthusiastic to participate in hydropower sectors.

But, we have only 802.376 MW (NEA Report, 2015/16) installed capacity of hydroelectric power so far. And we had faced up to 18 hours of load shedding in recent past. Still we have to import electricity from India to balance load in our system. And it all have a severe consequences in national economy.

These scenario indicates that something is seriously *wrong* in this sector which cannot be considered as normal and natural.

Hence, we need to *demystify* the water resources and hydropower development in Nepal to achieve our much awaited dream of prosperous and developed Nepal with the realization of *Self sufficient*, *hydroelectricity exporting*, *and a hydropowerful nation*.

Rajendra P. Thanju Managing Editor

